

Multimedia Learning: From Endocrinology to Virtual Reality

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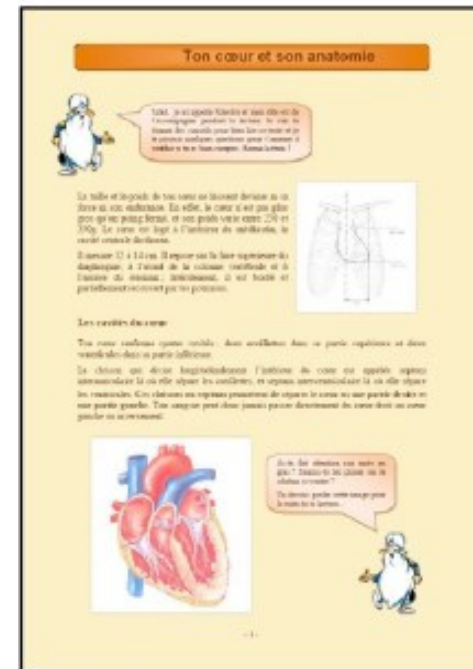
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Outline

- Multimedia learning
- Challenge 1: Boundary conditions
- Challenge 2: Emotions
- Challenge 3: Process measures
- Conclusions

Multimedia learning

- Combines words and pictures (Mayer 2014)
- **Words:** written, spoken
- **Pictures:** illustrations, graphs, animations...
- Traditional:
 - textbooks, slides, animations, videos
- Interactive:
 - simulations, video games, tutoring systems, conversational agents



Multimedia learning: Context

- Quantitative comparisons
- Science, Engineering, Technology, Mathematics
 - acquisition of mental models
- Knowledge outcomes
 - memorization (retention)
 - understanding (transfer)

Theories of Multimedia learning

- Cognitive Theory of Multimedia Learning (Mayer 2014)
- Cognitive Load Theory (Sweller et al. 2011; Kalyuga 2011)



Principles of Multimedia learning

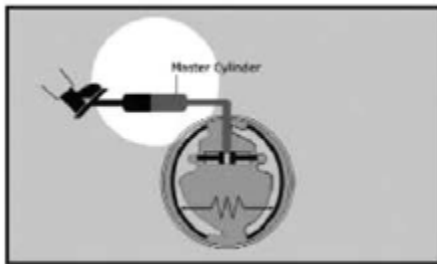
- Do this: “**Highlight key information**”

- Retention: Cohen’s $d = \mathbf{0.53}$ [0.42 – 0.64]

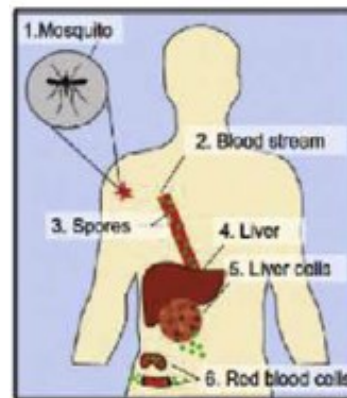
- Transfer: Cohen’s $d = \mathbf{0.33}$ [0.22 – 0.43]

(Schneider et al 2018 Edu Res Rev)

95% confidence interval for d



(Doolittle & Alstaedter 2009
J Res Innov Teach)



(McTigue 2009 Cogn Instr)

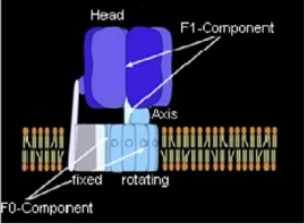
Now it will be explained, how biological wastewater treatment works. A textile mill that dyes fabrics and releases AZO DYES into the river. Azo dyes are SLIGHTLY TOXIC for aquatic organisms and can cause mutation.

(Brom et al. 2017 Compr & Edu)

Seductive details principle


- Interesting
 - but not central
- Text, sound, image
- Do not: “include seductive details”

ATP-Synthase 3/11




Head F1-Component
Axis
fixed rotating
F0-Component

ATP is not only needed in very active situations, but also during sleep.



The storage of the body is very efficient.

Thereafter, it is possible for animals which do their winter sleep, like urchins or bears, to manage their metabolism over many months almost without any food intake.



Two parts are considered because of its function.

The so-called F0-Component comprises a rotating as well as a fixed part and builds up a proton channel.

The F1-Component is the real location of the ATP-Synthase. This comprises a fixed head and a rotating axis.

next

(Park et al. 2015 Comp Hum Beh)

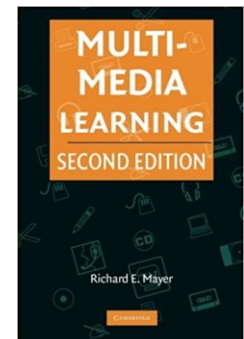
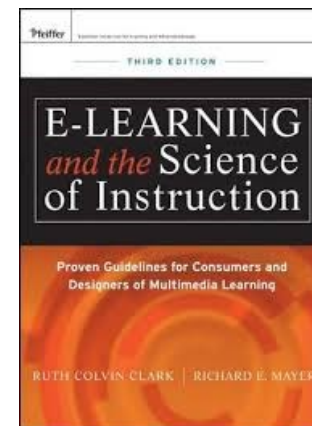
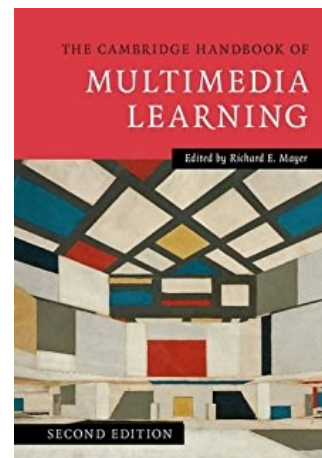
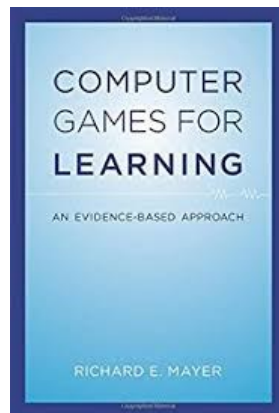
- Retention: $d = -0.30$ [-0.39 – -0.20]
- Transfer: $d = -0.48$ [-0.34 – -0.61]

(Rey 2012 Edu Res Rev)

Principles of multimedia learning

(e.g. Mayer 2014; Renkl & Scheiter 2015 Edu Psy Rev)

- Do this:
 - “Highlight key information”
 - “Use voice rather than text”
 - “Position corresponding text and picture near each other”
 - ...





1st challenge: Boundary conditions

National replications:

General picture

- Non-representative samples
 - > 50% educational sciences or psychology
 - > 50% female students
- USA, Germany
- Lacking:
 - children, older populations
 - national replications
 - (different subjects)

Personalization principle

- Do this: “**write text in a conversational style**”

- Retention: $d = \mathbf{0.30}$ [0.18 – 0.41]

- Transfer: $d = \mathbf{0.54}$ [0.25 – 0.83]

(Ginns et al. 2013 Edu Psychol Rev)

- But this does not work in Czech ($N \sim 400$)

(Brom et al. 2014 Comp & Edu; Brom et al. 2017 Comp & Edu)

[Now I will tell you,] Now it will be explained, how biological wastewater treatment works.

[Imagine you are standing on the bank of a muddy river. Next to the river is a] A textile mill [that] dyes fabrics and releases azo dyes into the river.

Anthropomorphisms & color principle

- Do this: “**Use pleasant colors & anthropomorphisms**”

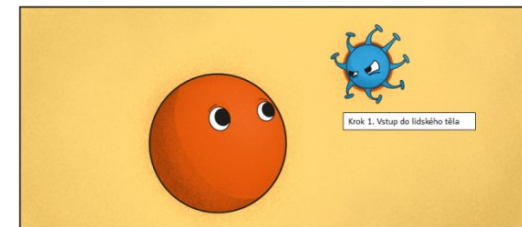
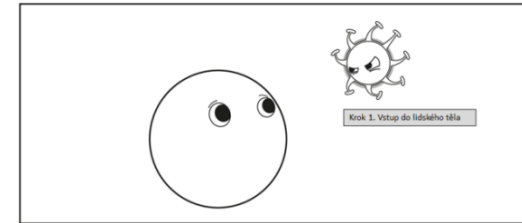
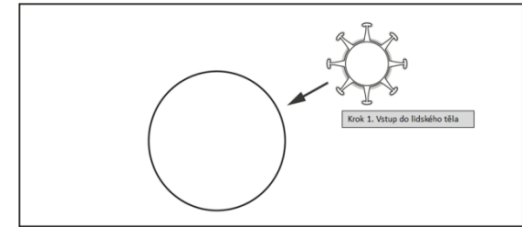
- Retention: $d = 0.37$ [0.11 – 0.62]

- Transfer: $d = 0.33$ [0.19 – 0.47]

(Brom et al., submitted)

- But this does not work in Czech ($N = 181$)

(Starkova et al., submitted)



(Mayer & Estrella 2014 Ln Instr;
Starkova et al., submitted)

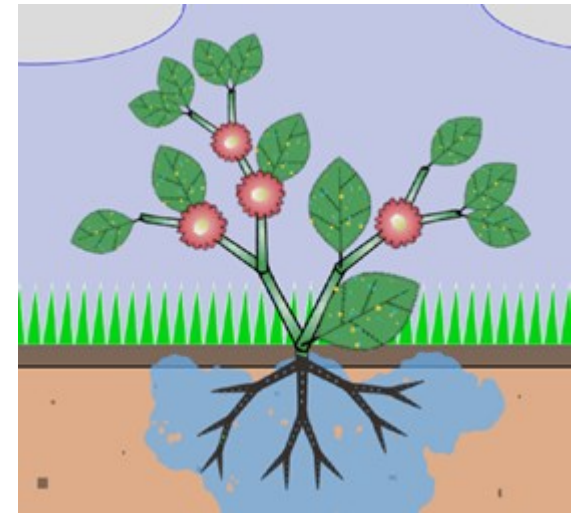
“Nice” graphics with children?



preference



learning



(Javora et al. 2019 BJET)

- 20 min long learning game
- Photosynthesis, water transport
- $N = 53$; $M_{age} = 9.45$, $SD_{age} = 0.75$

1st challenge: Summary

- Multimedia learning principles:
 - useful
 - but caution is needed (generalization)



2nd challenge: Emotions

Emotions in Multimedia learning

- Neglected
- **Positive-activating activity-related affective-motivational states** (Pekrun 2006 Educ Psychol Rev)

situation
interest

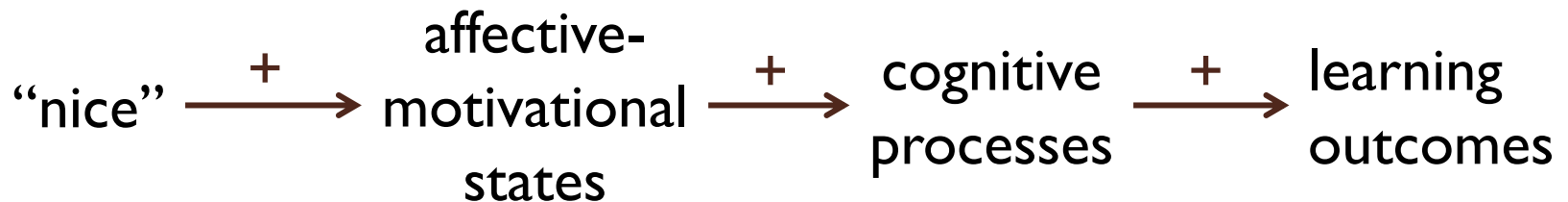
enjoyment

intrinsic
motivation

flow

enthusiasm

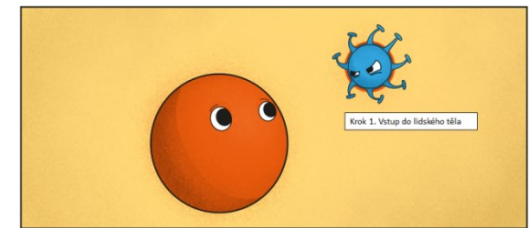
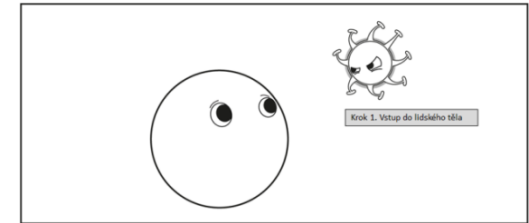
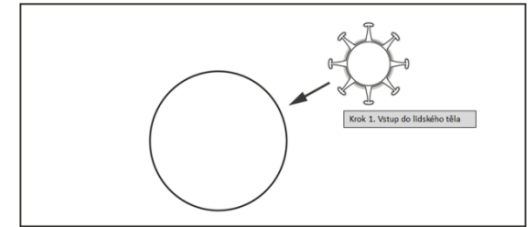
Emotions in Multimedia learning



Anthropomorphisms & color principle

- Do this: **“Use pleasant colors & anthropomorphisms”**
- Retention: $d = 0.37$ [0.11 – 0.62]
- Transfer: $d = 0.33$ [0.19 – 0.47]
- **Enjoyment: $d = 0.11$** [0.01 – 0.21]

(Brom et al., submitted)



(Mayer & Estrella 2014 Ln Instr
Starkova et al., submitted)

Personalization principle

- Do this: “**write text in a conversational style**”
 - Retention: $d = \mathbf{0.30}$ [0.18 – 0.41]
 - Transfer: $d = \mathbf{0.54}$ [0.25 – 0.83]
 - **Interest: $d = \mathbf{0.15}$** [-0.13 – 0.44]
- (Ginns et al. 2013 Edu Psychol Rev)

*[Now I will tell you,] Now it will be explained, how biological wastewater treatment works.
[Imagine you are standing on the bank of a muddy river. Next to the river is a] A textile mill [that] dyes fabrics and releases azo dyes into the river.*

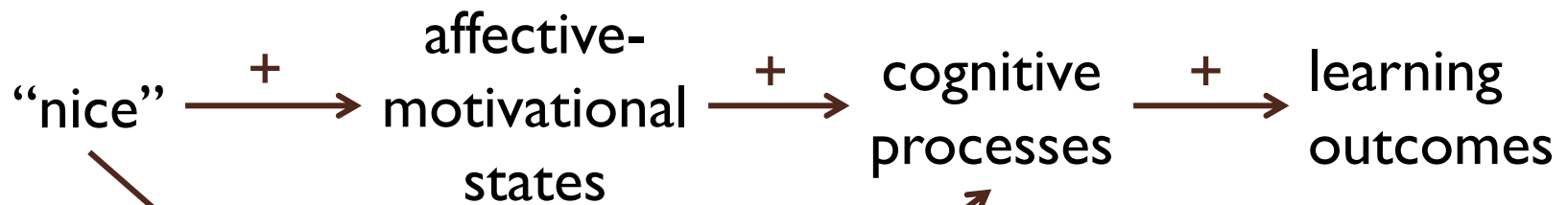
Digital learning games vs. “traditional” teaching

- Learning outcomes: $d = \mathbf{0.29}$ [0.17, 0.42]
- Motivational outcomes: $d = \mathbf{0.26}$ [-0.03, 0.56]

- Learning outcomes
 - with randomization: $d = \mathbf{0.08}$ [-0.13, 0.29]
 - without randomization: $d = \mathbf{0.44}$ [0.29, 0.60]

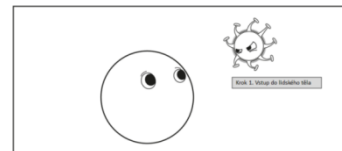
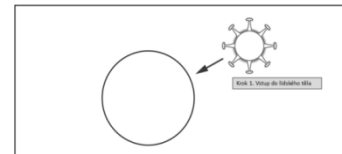
(Wouters et al. 2013 J Edu Psy)

2nd challenge: Summary



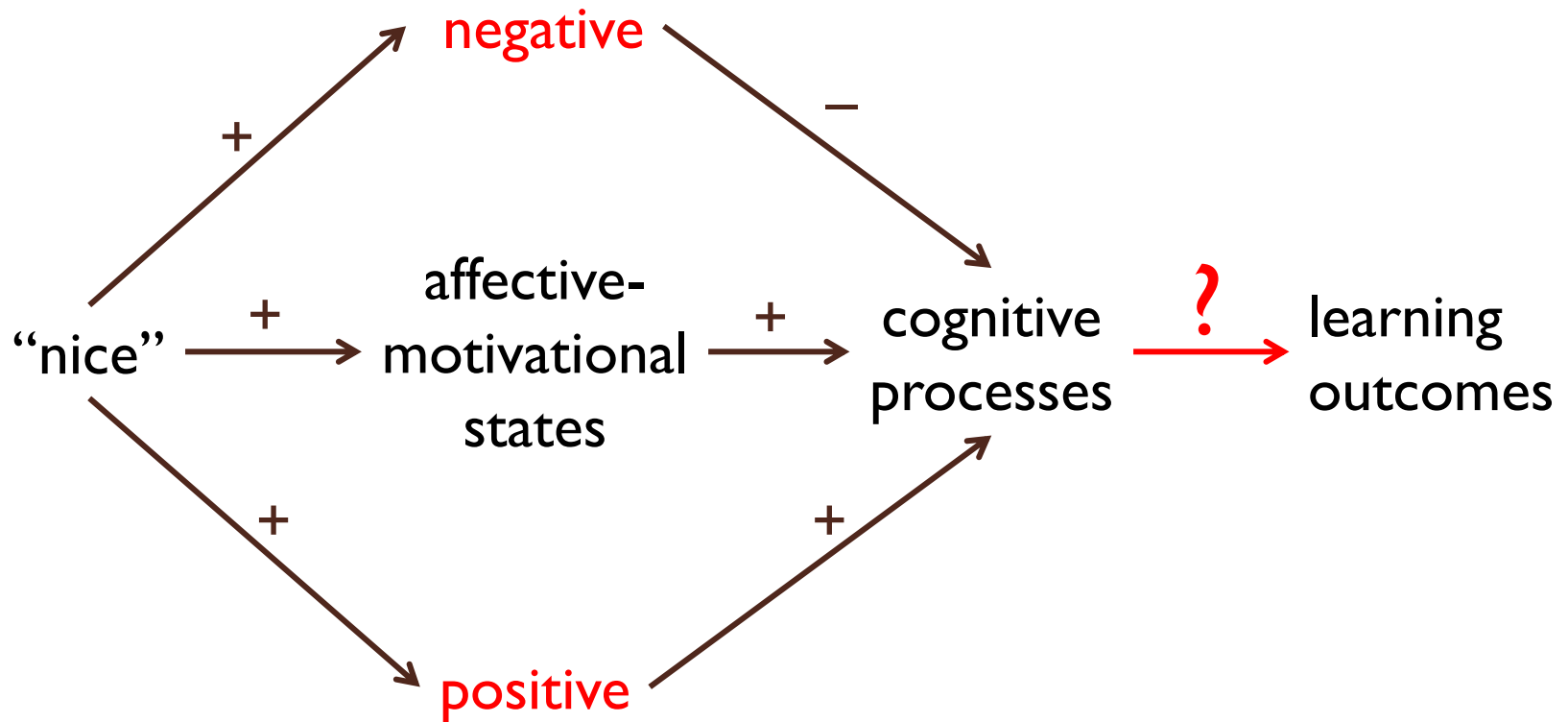
positive

- signaling
- saliency



2nd challenge: Summary

- distraction

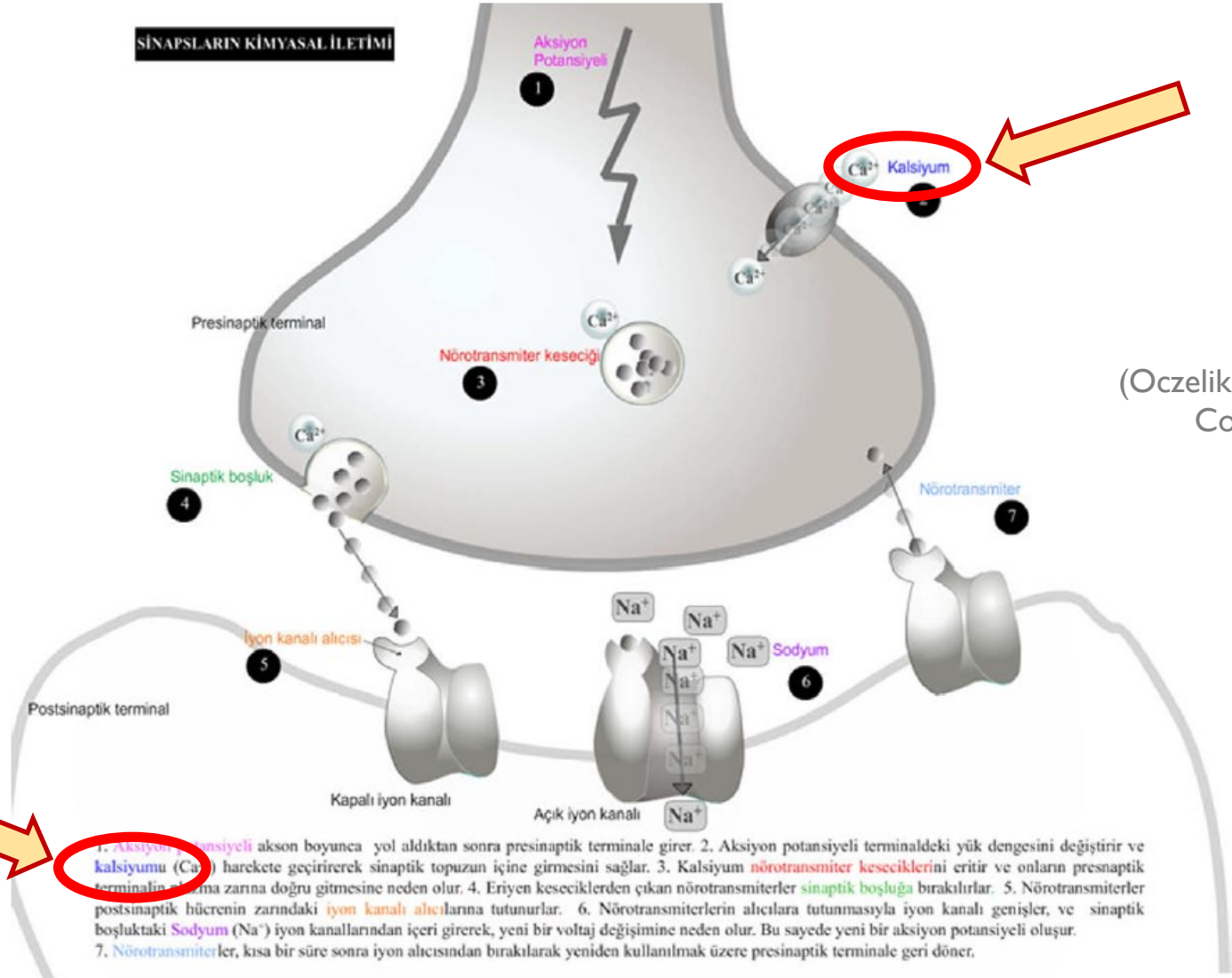




3rd challenge: Process (and objective) measures

Eyetracking

SİNAPSLARIN KİMYASAL İLETİMİ

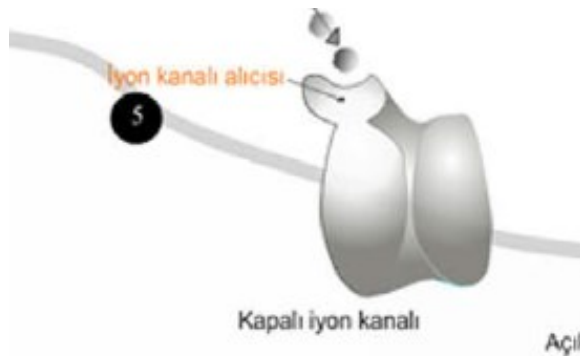


(Ozelik et al. 2009
Comp & Edu)

1. Aksiyon potansiyeli akson boyunca yol aldıktan sonra presinaptik terminale girer. 2. Aksiyon potansiyeli terminaldeki yük dengesini değiştirir ve kalsiyumu (Ca^{2+}) harekete geçirerek sinaptik topuzun içine girmesini sağlar. 3. Kalsiyum nörotransmitter keseciklerini eritir ve onların presinaptik terminalin zarına doğru gitmesine neden olur. 4. Eriyen keseciklerden çıkan nörotransmitterler sinaptik boşluğa bırakılırlar. 5. Nörotransmitterler postsinaptik hücrenin zarındaki iyon kanalı alıcılara tutunurlar. 6. Nörotransmitterlerin alıcılara tutunmasıyla iyon kanalı genişler, ve sinaptik boşluktaki Sodyum (Na^{+}) iyon kanallarından içeri girerek, yeni bir voltaj değişimine neden olur. Bu sayede yeni bir aksiyon potansiyeli oluşur. 7. Nörotransmitterler, kısa bir süre sonra iyon alıcısından bırakılarak yeniden kullanılmak üzere presinaptik terminale geri döner.

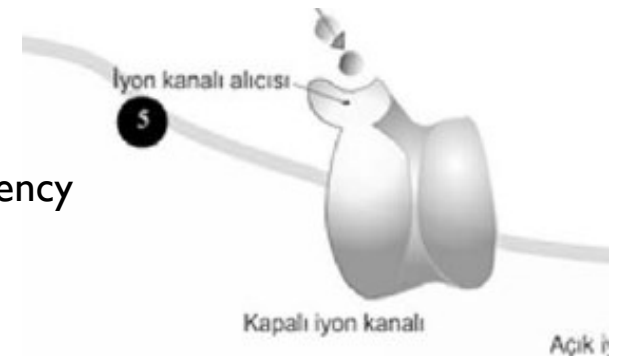
Eyetracking

- Color coding



potansiyeli akson boyunca yol aldıktan sonra presinaptik (Ca²⁺) harekete geçirilerek sinaptik topuzun içine girmeye başlar. 4. Eriyen kesecik hücrenin zarındaki iyon kanalı alıcılara tutunurlar. sodyum (Na⁺) iyon kanallarından içeri girerek, yeni bir

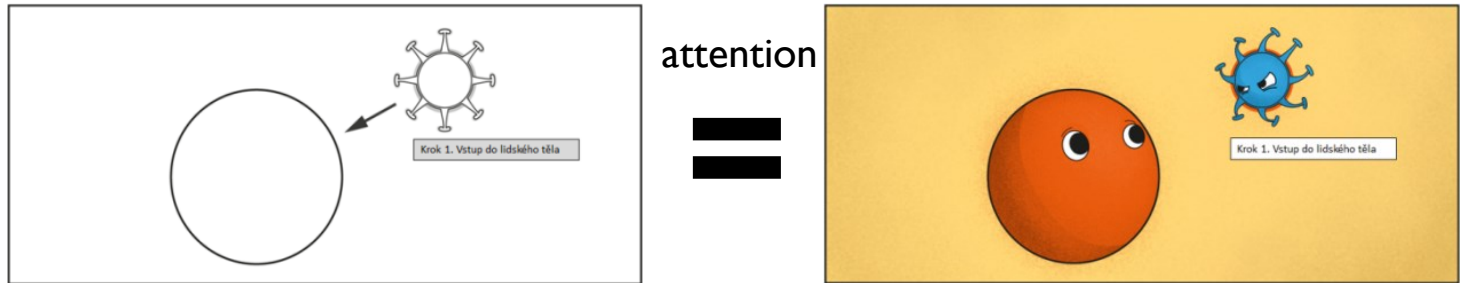
retention
transfer
visual search efficiency



potansiyeli akson boyunca yol aldıktan sonra presinaptik (Ca²⁺) harekete geçirilerek sinaptik topuzun içine girmeye başlar. 4. Eriyen kesecik hücrenin zarındaki iyon kanalı alıcılara tutunurlar. sodyum'un (Na⁺) iyon kanallarından içeri girerek, yeni bir

Eyetracking

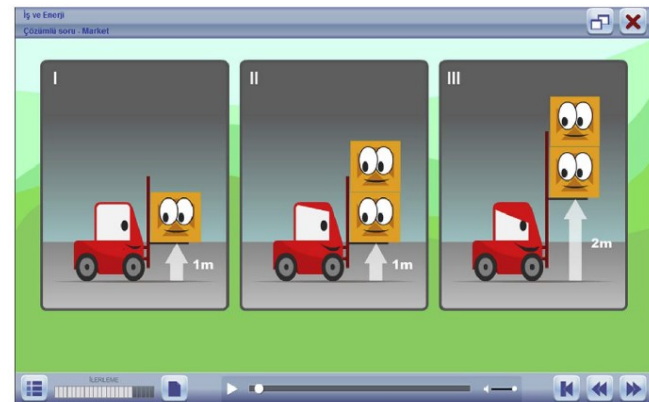
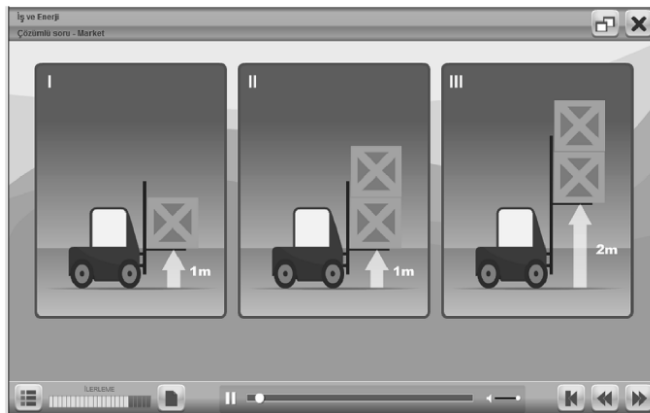
- Do anthropomorphisms attract more attention?
 - unknown



(Starkova et al., submitted;
Park et al. 2015 Com Hum Beh)

Emotion/arousal detection

- Detection of facial emotions
 - e.g., game-based learning (Ninaus et al. 2018 SIG8)
- Biofeedback
 - e.g., HRV (Uzun & Ildirim 2018 Comp & Edu)



Salivary cortisol

- “Stress” hormone
- Differing predictions with respect to **flow levels** (Keller et al. 2011 J Exp Soc Psychol; Peifer et al. 2014 J Exp Soc Psychol)
- Unrelated to flow
- Related to the trait level of social interaction anxiety in the case of males (Brom et al., 2014)

Conclusions

- Principles of multimedia learning are useful
 - from textbooks to digital games
- Boundary conditions are numerous
 - from different topics to different populations
- Affective-motivational factors must be considered
 - results not promising so far
- Process (and objective) measures may be useful
 - but have their own limitations
- **“Psychological research in multimedia learning”**

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